PRACTICAL TEST FOR IESO 2010

DLINGO AREA, BANTUL REGENCY, YOGYAKARTA, INDONESIA

Wednesday, September 22, 2010

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Please write your name and nationality in English on the cover pages
- 2. The total time allocated for this practical test is about 45 minutes for every student.
- 3. Please write your answer legibly. Illegible answers will be counted as incorrect.
- 4. Please write your answers only on this practical test sheet. Please encircle the most appropriate answer.
- 5. Read the entire question carefully before answering.
- 6. Please handover the competed practical test sheet to member of the organizing committee at the location.

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PROBLEM SETS

Location 1 (4 minutes):

- 1. Using the hand lens provided to you observe the igneous rock within the marked area and identify two main minerals in the rock.
 - a. Plagioclase and pyroxene
 - b. Plagioclase and biotite
 - c. Quartz and pyroxene
 - d. Quartz and hornblende
 - e. Hornblende and pyroxene
- 2. Observe the petrological characteristics and identify the igneous rock
 - a. Andesite
 - b. Rhyolite
 - c. Granite
 - d. Diorite
 - e. Gabbro
- 3. By observing the whole part of the outcrop in this area identify the igneous rock body
 - a. A fragment in conglomerate
 - b. An exotic block in meta-breccia
 - c. A part of groundmass of the igneous rock
 - d. An inclusion in the volcanic rock
 - e. A fragment in volcanic breccia

Location 2 (5 minutes):

- 4. Please observe the rock components at this Location. Identify at least two types of included rock fragments:
 - a. Basalt and dolomite
 - b. Andesite and tuff
 - c. Andesite and limestone
 - d. Basalt and quartzite
 - e. Basalt and shale
- 5. Please carefully observe by naked-eye and/or using the hand lens identify the rock fragment (*shown by arrow*).
 - a. Quartzite
 - b. Tuff
 - c. Coral
 - d. White marl
 - e. Phyllite
- 6. By observing the entire outcrop identify the rock type
 - a. Volcanic breccia
 - b. Brecciated andesite
 - c. Conglomerate
 - d. Fault breccia
 - e. Fanglomerate

Location 3 (6 minutes):

- 7. Identify the geological structure at this Location by careful observation.
 - a. Normal fault
 - b. Dextral strike-slip fault
 - c. Sheared joint
 - d. Thrust fault
 - e. Oblique fault
- 8. By using your compass, please measure the direction of dip of the plane of the geological structure identified in Question 7.
 - a. Northeast
 - b. Southwest
 - c. Southeast
 - d. Northwest
 - e. West
- 9. The strike/dip angle of the bedding plane is about (*Note: acceptable error is* $\pm 5^{\circ}$)
 - a. N 15° E/45°
 - b. N 50° W/45°
 - c. N 75° E/15°
 - d. N 60° W/45°
 - e. N 45° E/15°

Location 4 (3 minutes):

6 points

10. Sedimentary structures identified in the rock marked by arrows 'A', 'B', and 'C'.

a.	A = Scouring	B = ripple mark	C = lenticular bedding
b.	A = Cast	B = lamination	C = Cross bedding
c.	A = Convolute bedding	B = lamination	C = flame structure

d. A = Flame structure B = lenticular bedding C = burrow

e. A = Ripple mark B = lenticular bedding C = convolute bedding

Location 5 (3 minutes):

- 11. Please observe the sedimentary structure present in the marked area and its vicinity, and identify it.
 - a. Ripple mark
 - b. Cross bedding
 - c. Flame structure
 - d. Convolute bedding
 - e. Slump structure

Location 6 (4 minutes):

- 12. The rock at this Location is predominantly composed of the following rock fragments
 - a. Andesite and dacite
 - b. Dacite and granite
 - c. Basalt and syenite
 - d. Diorite and gabbro
 - e. Rhyolite and basalt
- 13. Please identify the rock type at this Location.
 - a. Intrusive breccia
 - b. Fault breccia
 - c. Volcanic breccia
 - d. Agglomerate
 - e. Brecciated igneous rock

Location 7 (3 minutes):

- 14. Three types of rock fragment identified in the rock at this location are
 - a. Marl, tuff and lignite
 - b. Tuff, claystone and charcoal
 - c. Limestone, tuff and coal
 - d. Tuff, lapilli and lignite
 - e. Tuff, chalk and charcoal

Location 8 (6 minutes):

- 15. Two main rock fragment types observed in the rock at this Location include
 - a. Tuff and lignite
 - b. Tuff and charcoal
 - c. Chalk and coal
 - d. Tuff and peat
 - e. Limestone and charcoal
- 16. Please observe the marked area on the outcrop and identify the rock type.
 - a. Agglomerate
 - b. Volcanic siltstone
 - c. Tuff-enriched siltstone
 - d. Coarse-grained sandstone
 - e. Pumice breccia
- 17. On the basis of the orientation measurement of rock fragments, the paleocurrent direction in the formation of this sedimentary rock was
 - a. Westward
 - b. Northward
 - c. Southeastward
 - d. Southwestward
 - e. Northeastward